## FIRST QUARTER 2024

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## **CERTIFICATION**

The undersigned certify that we have reviewed the March 31, 2024 quarterly report of Central Kentucky Agricultural Credit Association, that the report has been prepared under the oversight of the Audit Committee of the Board of Directors and in accordance with all applicable statutory or regulatory requirements, and that the information contained herein is true, accurate, and complete to the best of our knowledge and belief.

Johnathan Noe

Chief Executive Officer

Thomas B. Whitaker Chief Financial Officer

Joe Myers

Chairman of the Board

May 9, 2024

# Management's Discussion and Analysis of Financial Condition and Results of Operations

(dollars in thousands)

The following commentary reviews the financial condition and results of operations of Central Kentucky Agricultural Credit Association, (Association) for the three months ended March 31, 2024, with comparisons to prior periods. These comments should be read in conjunction with the accompanying financial statements, notes to the financial statements and the 2023 Annual Report of the Association. The accompanying consolidated financial statements were prepared under the oversight of the Audit Committee of the Board of Directors.

#### LOAN PORTFOLIO

The Association provides funds to farmers, rural homeowners and farm-related businesses for financing of short and intermediate-term loans and long-term real estate mortgage loans. The Association's loan portfolio contains a concentration of beef cattle, horse producers, row crops, and hay producers. While a large percentage of the loan portfolio is concentrated in these commodities, many of these operations are diversified within their enterprise, which reduces overall risk exposure. Additionally, risk associated with commodity concentration is reduced by the diversity of enterprises in the Association's territory and the borrowers' ability to supplement borrowings with non-farm income.

The total loan volume of the Association as of March 31, 2024, was \$721,442, an increase of \$7,076 as compared to \$713,736 at December 31, 2023. This increase is primarily the result of new loan originations along with draws on lines of credit.

### ASSET QUALITY AND LOAN LOSS RESERVES

There is an inherent risk in the extension of any type of credit. Portfolio credit quality continues to be maintained at an acceptable level and credit administration remains satisfactory. Nonaccrual loans increased from \$872 at December 31, 2023, to \$1,364 at March 31, 2024. As a percent of total loans, nonaccrual loans were 0.19% and 0.12% at March 31, 2024 and December 31, 2023, respectively.

Association management maintains an allowance for credit losses in an amount considered sufficient to absorb estimated current and expected credit losses over the financial assets expected life. The most significant component of the Association's allowance for credit losses is the allowance for loan losses. The allowance for loan losses at March 31, 2024, was \$2,523 or 0.35% of total loans compared to \$2,522 or 0.35% of total loans at December 31, 2023, and is considered by management to be adequate to cover estimated current and expected losses within the loan portfolio. See further detail on the Association's allowance for credit losses within the Association's Annual Report and discussion of significant provision for credit loss within the *Results of Operations* below.

## RESULTS OF OPERATIONS

The Association's primary source of funding is provided by AgFirst Farm Credit Bank (the Bank) in the form of notes payable. See *Funding Sources* section below for additional detail on this relationship. Prior to January 1, 2024, the rate applied to the notes payable to the Bank was intended to cover the Association's share of technology and software services provided by the Bank. Effective January 1, 2024, the Bank modified the methodology used to determine the rate applied to the Association's note payable to the Bank to exclude the Association's share of technology and software services and began billing the Association for these services separately. This change will have a minimal effect on the Association's net income but effectively reclassifies the Association's technology and software costs paid to the Bank from interest expense to noninterest expenses. If the new methodology had been in effect during 2023, the Association would have recorded a reduction in interest expense and corresponding increase of noninterest expense of \$468 for the three months ended March 31, 2023 as shown in the following table.

		For the three	months e	ended	
	N	March 31, 2024	M	arch 31, 2023*	_
Interest Income	\$	10,007	\$	8,703	_
Interest Expense		4,834		3,623	
Net Interest Income	·	5,173		5,080	_
Provision for Credit Losses		4		505	
Noninterest Income		1,484		1,424	
Noninterest Expense		2,880		3,009	
Net Income	\$	3,773	\$	2,990	-
Net Interest Margin		2.94%		3.03%	
Operating Efficiency Ratio		43.27%		46.27%	

<sup>\*</sup>reflects the pro-forma results if the revised notes payable rate methodology had been in effect during 2023

Net income for the three months ended March 31, 2024, was \$3,773, an increase of \$783 as compared to net income of \$2,990 for the same period ended in 2023. The primary driver of this increase was strong net interest income along with loan volume growth.

For the three months ended March 31, 2024, net interest income was \$5,173, an increase of \$561 as compared to \$4,612 for the same period ended in 2023. The increase in net interest income was primarily the result of the change in the rate applied to notes payable discussed above.

The provision for credit losses for the three months ended March 31, 2024, was \$4, a decrease of \$501 from the provision for credit losses of \$505 for the same period ended during the prior year. This decrease was primarily the result of changes in internal credit ratings.

Noninterest income increased \$60 to \$1,484 during the first three months of 2024 compared with the first three months of 2023 primarily due to an increase in fee income along with increased patronage income resulting from loan volume growth.

During the first three months of 2024, noninterest expense increased \$339 to \$2,880 compared with the first three months of 2023 primarily due to the change in the rate applied to notes payable discussed above.

## **FUNDING SOURCES**

The principal source of funds for the Association is the borrowing relationship established with AgFirst Farm Credit Bank (the Bank) through a General Financing Agreement. The General Financing Agreement utilizes the Association's credit and fiscal performance as criteria for establishing a line of credit on which the Association may draw funds. The Bank advances funds to the Association in the form of notes payable. The notes payable are segmented into variable rate and fixed rate sections. The variable rate note is utilized by the Association to fund variable rate loan advances and operating funds requirements. The fixed rate note is used specifically to fund fixed rate loan advances made by the Association. The total notes payable to the Bank at March 31, 2024, was \$590,978 as compared to \$588,371 at December 31, 2023.

## CAPITAL RESOURCES

Total members' equity at March 31, 2024, was \$147,639, an increase of \$3,810 from a total of \$143,829 at December 31, 2023. The increase is primarily attributable to net income. Total capital stock and participation certificates were \$4,535 on March 31, 2024, compared to \$4,494 on December 31, 2023. The increase was primarily due to issuance of stock and participation certificates as loan volume grew.

FCA sets minimum regulatory capital requirements with a capital conservation buffer for System banks and associations. Capital adequacy is evaluated using a number of regulatory ratios.

The following sets forth the regulatory capital ratios:

	Regulatory Minimum			
	Including			
	Buffer*	3/31/24	12/31/23	3/31/23
Permanent Capital Ratio	7.00%	19.57%	19.52%	19.85%
Common Equity Tier 1 (CET1) Capital Ratio	7.00%	18.99%	19.33%	19.76%
Tier 1 Capital ratio	8.50%	18.99%	19.33%	19.76%
Total Regulatory Capital Ratio	10.50%	19.37%	19.71%	20.05%
Tier 1 Leverage Ratio**	5.00%	17.89%	18.12%	18.33%
Unallocated Retained Earnings (URE) and URE Equivalents	1.50%	17.28%	17.51%	17.71%

<sup>\*</sup>Include full capital conservation buffers.

If the capital ratios fall below the minimum regulatory requirements, including the buffer amounts, capital distributions (equity redemptions, dividends, and patronage) and discretionary senior executive bonuses are restricted or prohibited without prior FCA approval. For all periods presented, the Association exceeded minimum regulatory requirements for all of the ratios.

### REGULATORY MATTERS

On February 8, 2024, the FCA approved a final rule to amend its regulatory capital requirements to define and establish risk-weightings for High Volatility Commercial Real Estate (HVCRE) by assigning a 150 percent risk-weighting to such exposures, instead of the current 100 percent to reflect their increased risk characteristics. The rule further ensures comparability between FCA's risk-weightings and the federal banking regulators. The final rule excludes certain acquisition, development, and construction loans that do not present as much risk and therefore do not warrant the risk weight for HVCRE. In addition, the final rule adds an exclusion for loans originated less than \$500,000. The final rule will become effective on January 1, 2025.

On October 12, 2023, the Farm Credit Administration approved a final rule governing the Farm Credit System's service to young, beginning, and small (YBS) farmers and ranchers. The rule requires banks that fund the direct-lender associations to annually review and approve the association YBS programs. The rule also requires a direct-lender association to enhance the strategic plan of its YBS program. The strategic plan must contain specific elements that will be evaluated as part of a rating system to measure year-over-year internal progress, which would allow the Farm Credit Administration to compare the success of the direct-lender association's YBS program. The final rule became effective on February 14, 2024.

On October 5, 2023, the Farm Credit Administration approved a final rule on cyber risk management that requires each System institution to develop and implement a comprehensive, written cyber risk management program. Each institution's cyber risk plan must require the institution to take the actions to assess internal and external risk factors, identify potential system and software vulnerabilities, establish a risk management program for the risks identified, develop a cyber risk training program, set policies for managing third-party relationships, maintain robust internal controls and establish board reporting requirements. The final rule will become effective on January 1, 2025.

**NOTE:** Shareholder investment in the Association is materially affected by the financial condition and results of operations of AgFirst Farm Credit Bank. Copies of AgFirst's annual and unaudited quarterly reports are available upon request free of charge by calling 1-800-845-1745, ext. 2764, or by writing Matthew Miller, AgFirst Farm Credit Bank, P.O. Box 1499, Columbia, SC 29202. Information concerning AgFirst Farm Credit Bank can also be obtained at their website, *www.agfirst.com*. Copies of the Association's annual and unaudited quarterly reports are also available upon request free of charge by calling 1-859-253-3249, or writing Thomas Whitaker, Chief Financial Officer, Central Kentucky Agricultural Credit Association, P.O. Box 4100, Lexington, KY 40544-4100, or accessing the website *www.agcreditonline.com*. The Association prepares an unaudited quarterly report within 40 days after the end of each fiscal quarter, except that no report need be prepared for the fiscal quarter that coincides with the end of the fiscal year of the institution.

<sup>\*\*</sup>The Tier 1 Leverage Ratio must include a minimum of 1.50% of URE and URE equivalents.

## **Consolidated Balance Sheets**

(dollars in thousands)	March 31, 2024	De	December 31, 2023			
	(unaudited)		(audited)			
Assets						
Cash	\$ 749	\$	835			
Loans	721,442		713,736			
Allowance for loan losses	(2,523)		(2,522)			
Net loans	718,919		711,214			
Loans held for sale	41		_			
Accrued interest receivable	8,397		8,003			
Equity investments in other Farm Credit institutions	12,758		12,749			
Premises and equipment, net	5,054		4,264			
Accounts receivable	1,325		5,174			
Other assets	173		51			
Total assets	\$ 747,416	\$	742,290			
Liabilities						
Notes payable to AgFirst Farm Credit Bank	\$ 590,978	\$	588,371			
Accrued interest payable	1,710		1,844			
Patronage refunds payable	460		5,169			
Accounts payable	319		1,194			
Advanced conditional payments	70		79			
Other liabilities	6,240		1,804			
Total liabilities	599,777		598,461			
Commitments and contingencies (Note 5)						
Members' Equity						
Capital stock and participation certificates	4,535		4,494			
Retained earnings						
Allocated	102,846		102,850			
Unallocated	40,258		36,485			
Total members' equity	147,639		143,829			
Total liabilities and members' equity	\$ 747,416	\$	742,290			

 $\label{thm:companying} \textit{The accompanying notes are an integral part of these consolidated financial statements}.$ 

# **Consolidated Statements of Comprehensive Income**

(unaudited)

	Ended M	Three Months d March 31,				
(dollars in thousands)	2024	2023				
Interest Income						
Loans	\$ 10,007	\$ 8,703				
Interest Expense	4,834	4,091				
Net interest income	5,173	4,612				
Provision for credit losses	4	505				
Net interest income after provision for credit losses	5,169	4,107				
Noninterest Income						
Loan fees	203	182				
Patronage refunds from other Farm Credit institutions	1,279	1,241				
Gains (losses) on sales of rural home loans, net	2	1				
Total noninterest income	1,484	1,424				
Noninterest Expense						
Salaries and employee benefits	1,694	1,657				
Occupancy and equipment	94	101				
Insurance Fund premiums	131	223				
Purchased services	637	119				
Data processing	43	25				
Other operating expenses	281	416				
Total noninterest expense	2,880	2,541				
Net income	\$ 3,773	\$ 2,990				
Other comprehensive income		<u> </u>				
Comprehensive income	\$ 3,773	\$ 2,990				

The accompanying notes are an integral part of these consolidated financial statements.

## Consolidated Statements of Changes in Members' Equity

(unaudited)

	St	Capital ock and		Retained	Earni	ings	N	Total Iembers'
(dollars in thousands)		ticipation rtificates	A	Allocated	Un	allocated	IV.	Equity Equity
Balance at December 31, 2022	\$	4,403	\$	95,960	\$	32,133	\$	132,496
Cumulative effect of change in								
accounting principle						2,541		2,541
Comprehensive income						2,990		2,990
Capital stock/participation								
certificates issued/(retired), net		(9)						(9)
Patronage distribution adjustment				(3,179)		3,174		(5)
Balance at March 31, 2023	\$	4,394	\$	92,781	\$	40,838	\$	138,013
Balance at December 31, 2023	\$	4,494	\$	102,850	\$	36,485	\$	143,829
Comprehensive income						3,773		3,773
Capital stock/participation								
certificates issued/(retired), net		41						41
Patronage distribution adjustment				(4)				(4)
Balance at March 31, 2024	\$	4,535	\$	102,846	\$	40,258	\$	147,639

## **Notes to the Consolidated Financial Statements**

(dollars in thousands, except as noted)
(unaudited)

#### Note 1 — Organization, Significant Accounting Policies, and Recently Issued Accounting Pronouncements

### **Organization**

The accompanying financial statements include the accounts of Central Kentucky Agricultural Credit Association and its Production Credit Association (PCA) and Federal Land Credit Association (FLCA) subsidiaries (collectively, the Association). Descriptions of the organization and operations, the significant accounting policies followed, and the financial condition and results of operations for the Association as of and for the year ended December 31, 2023, are contained in the 2023 Annual Report to Shareholders. These unaudited interim consolidated financial statements should be read in conjunction with the latest Annual Report to Shareholders.

## Basis of Presentation

In the opinion of management, the accompanying consolidated financial statements contain all adjustments necessary for a fair statement of results for the periods presented. These adjustments are of a normal recurring nature, unless otherwise disclosed.

Certain amounts in the prior period's consolidated financial statements have been reclassified to conform to the current period presentation. Such reclassifications had no effect on the prior period net income or total capital as previously reported.

The results of any interim period are not necessarily indicative of those to be expected for a full year.

## Significant Accounting Policies

The Association's accounting and reporting policies conform with U.S. generally accepted accounting principles (GAAP) and practices in the financial services industry. To prepare the financial statements in conformity with GAAP, management must make estimates based on assumptions about future economic and market conditions (for example, unemployment, market liquidity, real estate prices, etc.) that affect the reported amounts of assets and liabilities at the date of the financial statements, income and expenses during the reporting period, and the related disclosures. Although these estimates contemplate current conditions and expectations of change in the future, it is reasonably possible that actual conditions may be different than anticipated, which could materially affect results of operations and financial condition.

Management has made significant estimates in several areas, including loans and allowance for credit losses (Note 2, *Loans and Allowance for Credit Losses*) and financial instruments (Note 4, *Fair Value Measurement*). Actual results could differ from those estimates.

For further details of significant accounting policies, see Note 2, *Summary of Significant Accounting Policies*, from the latest Annual Report.

## Recently Issued or Adopted Accounting Pronouncements

In December 2023, the Financial Accounting Standards Board (FASB) issued Accounting Standards Update (ASU) 2023-09 - Income Taxes: Improvements to Income Tax Disclosures. The amendments in this standard require more transparency about income tax information through improvements to income tax disclosures primarily related to the rate reconciliation and income taxes paid information. The amendments in this standard require qualitative disclosure about specific categories of reconciling items and individual jurisdictions that result in a significant difference between the statutory tax rate and the effective tax rate. The amendments are effective for annual periods beginning after December 15, 2025. The adoption of this guidance is not expected to have a material impact on the Association's financial condition, results of operations or cash flows.

### Note 2 — Loans and Allowance for Credit Losses

A summary of loans outstanding at period end follows:

	 March 31, 2024	1	December 31, 2023
Real estate mortgage	\$ 517,961	\$	517,712
Production and intermediate-term	179,218		170,861
Agribusiness:			
Processing and marketing	5,295		5,652
Farm-related business	6,343		7,038
Rural infrastructure:			
Communication	1,044		993
Power and water/waste disposal	895		792
Rural residential real estate	 10,686		10,688
Total loans	\$ 721,442	\$	713,736

A substantial portion of the Association's lending activities is collateralized, and exposure to credit loss associated with lending activities is reduced accordingly. The Association may purchase or sell participation interests with other parties in order to diversify risk, manage loan volume, and comply with FCA regulations.

The following table shows loans, classified under the FCA Uniform Loan Classification System, as a percentage of total loans by loan type as of:

97.63% 1.93 0.44 100.00%	97.70% 1.94 0.36 100.00%
1.93 0.44	1.94 0.36
0.44	0.36
100.00%	100.00%
98 62%	98.55%
	1.16
	0.29
100.00%	100.00%
61 81%	62.29%
	37.71
30.19	37.71
100.00%	100.00%
100 00%	100.00%
100.0070	100.0076
_	_
100.00%	100.00%
07.250/	97.29%
	97.29% 2.44
	0.27
	100.00%
100.00%	100.00%
97.30%	97.27%
2.31	2.39
0.39	0.34
100.00%	100.00%
	61.81% 38.19 — 100.00%  100.00%  - 100.00%  97.35% 2.41 0.24 100.00%  97.30% 2.31 0.39

Accrued interest receivable on loans of \$8,397 and \$8,003 at March 31, 2024 and December 31, 2023, respectively, has been excluded from the amortized cost of loans and reported separately in the Consolidated Balance Sheets.

The following tables provide an aging analysis of past due loans as of:

				Ma	rch 3	31, 2024				
	Through 89 Days Past Due	Days or ore Past Due	Т	otal Past Due	01	ot Past Due r Less Than 0 Days Past Due	1	otal Loans	Mo	Days or re Past Due
Real estate mortgage	\$ 1,183	\$ 633	\$	1,816	\$	516,145	\$	517,961	\$	95
Production and intermediate-term	207	217		424		178,794		179,218		_
Agribusiness	_	_		_		11,638		11,638		_
Rural infrastructure	_	-		_		1,939		1,939		_
Rural residential real estate	_	-		_		10,686		10,686		_
Total	\$ 1,390	\$ 850	\$	2,240	\$	719,202	\$	721,442	\$	95

				Dece	mber	31, 2023				
	Through 89 Days Past Due	Days or ore Past Due	Т	otal Past Due	01	ot Past Due r Less Than 0 Days Past Due	1	otal Loans	Mo	0 Days or ore Past Due d Accruing
Real estate mortgage	\$ 1,256	\$ 419	\$	1,675	\$	516,037	\$	517,712	\$	319
Production and intermediate-term	483	215		698		170,163		170,861		_
Agribusiness	_	-		_		12,690		12,690		_
Rural infrastructure	_	_		_		1,785		1,785		_
Rural residential real estate	-	-		-		10,688		10,688		_
Total	\$ 1,739	\$ 634	\$	2,373	\$	711,363	\$	713,736	\$	319

The following tables provide the amortized cost for nonaccrual loans with and without a related allowance for loan losses as of:

	March 31, 2024								
Nonaccrual loans:	An Co Al	Total							
Real estate mortgage	\$	151	\$	774	\$	925			
Production and intermediate-term		159		254		413			
Rural residential real estate		_		26		26			
Total	\$	310	\$	1,054	\$	1,364			

	December 31, 2023								
Nonaccrual loans:	C	nortized ost with lowance		Total					
Real estate mortgage	\$	_	\$	519	\$	519			
Production and intermediate-term		106		218		324			
Rural residential real estate		-		29		29			
Total	\$	106	\$	766	\$	872			

The Association recognized \$6 and \$4 of interest income on nonaccrual loans during the three months ended March 31, 2024 and March 31, 2023, respectively.

Reversals of interest income on loans that moved to nonaccrual status were not material for the three months ended March 31, 2024 and March 31, 2023.

A summary of changes in the allowance for credit losses is as follows:

Balance at December 31, 2023         \$ 2,522           Charge-offs         -           Recoveries         1           Provision for loan losses         -           Balance at March 31, 2024         \$ 2,523           Allowance for Unfunded Commitments:         4           Balance at December 31, 2023         \$ 63           Provision for unfunded commitments         4           Balance at March 31, 2024         \$ 67           Total allowance for credit losses         \$ 2,590           Allowance for Loan Losses:         \$ 2,590           Balance at December 1, 2022         \$ 4,417           Cumulative effect of a change in accounting principle         (2,585)           Balance at January 1, 2023         \$ 1,832           Charge-offs         (34)           Recoveries         -           Provision for loan losses         489           Balance at March 31, 2023         \$ 2,287           Allowance for Unfunded Commitments:         \$ 4           Balance at January 1, 2023         \$ 4           Provision for unfunded commitments         4           Balance at March 31, 2023         \$ 44           Provision for unfunded commitments         16           Balance at March 31, 2023         \$ 60	Allowance for Loan Losses:		
Recoveries         1           Provision for loan losses         -           Balance at March 31, 2024         \$ 2,523           Allowance for Unfunded Commitments:         \$           Balance at December 31, 2023         \$ 63           Provision for unfunded commitments         4           Balance at March 31, 2024         \$ 67           Total allowance for credit losses         \$ 2,590           Allowance for Loan Losses:         \$ 4,417           Cumulative effect of a change in accounting principle         (2,585)           Balance at January 1, 2023         \$ 1,832           Charge-offs         (34)           Recoveries         -           Provision for loan losses         489           Balance at March 31, 2023         \$ 2,287           Allowance for Unfunded Commitments:         \$ 489           Balance at December 31, 2022         \$ -           Cumulative effect of a change in accounting principle         44           Balance at January 1, 2023         \$ 44           Provision for unfunded commitments         16           Balance at March 31, 2023         \$ 60	Balance at December 31, 2023	\$	2,522
Provision for loan losses   Salance at March 31, 2024   \$ 2,523	Charge-offs		_
Balance at March 31, 2024         \$ 2,523           Allowance for Unfunded Commitments:         Balance at December 31, 2023         \$ 63           Provision for unfunded commitments         4           Balance at March 31, 2024         \$ 67           Total allowance for credit losses         \$ 2,590           Allowance for Loan Losses:         \$ 4,417           Balance at December 1, 2022         \$ 4,417           Cumulative effect of a change in accounting principle         (2,585)           Balance at January 1, 2023         \$ 1,832           Charge-offs         (34)           Recoveries         -           Provision for loan losses         489           Balance at March 31, 2023         \$ 2,287           Allowance for Unfunded Commitments:         Balance at December 31, 2022         \$ -           Cumulative effect of a change in accounting principle         44           Balance at January 1, 2023         \$ 44           Provision for unfunded commitments         16           Balance at March 31, 2023         \$ 60	Recoveries		1
Allowance for Unfunded Commitments:           Balance at December 31, 2023         \$ 63           Provision for unfunded commitments         4           Balance at March 31, 2024         \$ 67           Total allowance for credit losses         \$ 2,590           Allowance for Loan Losses:         \$ 2,590           Balance at December 1, 2022         \$ 4,417           Cumulative effect of a change in accounting principle         (2,585)           Balance at January 1, 2023         \$ 1,832           Charge-offs         (34)           Recoveries         -           Provision for loan losses         489           Balance at March 31, 2023         \$ 2,287           Allowance for Unfunded Commitments:         Balance at December 31, 2022         \$ -           Cumulative effect of a change in accounting principle         44           Balance at January 1, 2023         \$ 44           Provision for unfunded commitments         16           Balance at March 31, 2023         \$ 60	Provision for loan losses		_
Balance at December 31, 2023         \$         63           Provision for unfunded commitments         4           Balance at March 31, 2024         \$         67           Total allowance for credit losses         \$         2,590           Allowance for Loan Losses:         \$         2,590           Balance at December 1, 2022         \$         4,417           Cumulative effect of a change in accounting principle         (2,585)           Balance at January 1, 2023         \$         1,832           Charge-offs         (34)           Recoveries         -         -           Provision for loan losses         489           Balance at March 31, 2023         \$         2,287           Allowance for Unfunded Commitments:         Balance at December 31, 2022         \$         -           Cumulative effect of a change in accounting principle         44         4           Balance at January 1, 2023         \$         44           Provision for unfunded commitments         16         6           Balance at March 31, 2023         \$         60	Balance at March 31, 2024	\$	2,523
Balance at December 31, 2023         \$         63           Provision for unfunded commitments         4           Balance at March 31, 2024         \$         67           Total allowance for credit losses         \$         2,590           Allowance for Loan Losses:         \$         2,590           Balance at December 1, 2022         \$         4,417           Cumulative effect of a change in accounting principle         (2,585)           Balance at January 1, 2023         \$         1,832           Charge-offs         (34)           Recoveries         -         -           Provision for loan losses         489           Balance at March 31, 2023         \$         2,287           Allowance for Unfunded Commitments:         Balance at December 31, 2022         \$         -           Cumulative effect of a change in accounting principle         44         4           Balance at January 1, 2023         \$         44           Provision for unfunded commitments         16         6           Balance at March 31, 2023         \$         60	Allowance for Unfunded Commitments:		
Provision for unfunded commitments   4		\$	63
Second   S		4	
Allowance for Loan Losses:         4,417           Balance at December 1, 2022         \$ 4,417           Cumulative effect of a change in accounting principle         (2,585)           Balance at January 1, 2023         \$ 1,832           Charge-offs         (34)           Recoveries         -           Provision for loan losses         489           Balance at March 31, 2023         \$ 2,287           Allowance for Unfunded Commitments:         Balance at December 31, 2022         \$ -           Cumulative effect of a change in accounting principle         44           Balance at January 1, 2023         \$ 44           Provision for unfunded commitments         16           Balance at March 31, 2023         \$ 60	Balance at March 31, 2024	\$	
Balance at December 1, 2022       \$ 4,417         Cumulative effect of a change in accounting principle       (2,585)         Balance at January 1, 2023       \$ 1,832         Charge-offs       (34)         Recoveries       -         Provision for loan losses       489         Balance at March 31, 2023       \$ 2,287         Allowance for Unfunded Commitments:       Balance at December 31, 2022       \$ -         Cumulative effect of a change in accounting principle       44         Balance at January 1, 2023       \$ 44         Provision for unfunded commitments       16         Balance at March 31, 2023       \$ 60	,	\$	2,590
Balance at December 1, 2022       \$ 4,417         Cumulative effect of a change in accounting principle       (2,585)         Balance at January 1, 2023       \$ 1,832         Charge-offs       (34)         Recoveries       -         Provision for loan losses       489         Balance at March 31, 2023       \$ 2,287         Allowance for Unfunded Commitments:       Balance at December 31, 2022       \$ -         Cumulative effect of a change in accounting principle       44         Balance at January 1, 2023       \$ 44         Provision for unfunded commitments       16         Balance at March 31, 2023       \$ 60			
Cumulative effect of a change in accounting principle         (2,585)           Balance at January 1, 2023         \$ 1,832           Charge-offs         (34)           Recoveries         -           Provision for loan losses         489           Balance at March 31, 2023         \$ 2,287           Allowance for Unfunded Commitments:         Balance at December 31, 2022         \$ -           Cumulative effect of a change in accounting principle         44           Balance at January 1, 2023         \$ 44           Provision for unfunded commitments         16           Balance at March 31, 2023         \$ 60	Allowance for Loan Losses:		
Balance at January 1, 2023       \$ 1,832         Charge-offs       (34)         Recoveries       -         Provision for loan losses       489         Balance at March 31, 2023       \$ 2,287         Allowance for Unfunded Commitments:       Balance at December 31, 2022       \$ -         Cumulative effect of a change in accounting principle       44         Balance at January 1, 2023       \$ 44         Provision for unfunded commitments       16         Balance at March 31, 2023       \$ 60	Balance at December 1, 2022	\$	4,417
Charge-offs         (34)           Recoveries         -           Provision for loan losses         489           Balance at March 31, 2023         \$ 2,287           Allowance for Unfunded Commitments:         \$           Balance at December 31, 2022         \$ -           Cumulative effect of a change in accounting principle         44           Balance at January 1, 2023         \$ 44           Provision for unfunded commitments         16           Balance at March 31, 2023         \$ 60	Cumulative effect of a change in accounting principle		(2,585)
Charge-offs         (34)           Recoveries         -           Provision for loan losses         489           Balance at March 31, 2023         \$ 2,287           Allowance for Unfunded Commitments:         \$           Balance at December 31, 2022         \$ -           Cumulative effect of a change in accounting principle         44           Balance at January 1, 2023         \$ 44           Provision for unfunded commitments         16           Balance at March 31, 2023         \$ 60	Balance at January 1, 2023	\$	1,832
Provision for loan losses         489           Balance at March 31, 2023         \$ 2,287           Allowance for Unfunded Commitments:         \$ -           Balance at December 31, 2022         \$ -           Cumulative effect of a change in accounting principle         44           Balance at January 1, 2023         \$ 44           Provision for unfunded commitments         16           Balance at March 31, 2023         \$ 60	Charge-offs		
Balance at March 31, 2023         \$ 2,287           Allowance for Unfunded Commitments:         Balance at December 31, 2022         \$ -           Cumulative effect of a change in accounting principle         44           Balance at January 1, 2023         \$ 44           Provision for unfunded commitments         16           Balance at March 31, 2023         \$ 60	Recoveries		`
Allowance for Unfunded Commitments:  Balance at December 31, 2022 \$ -  Cumulative effect of a change in accounting principle  Balance at January 1, 2023 \$ 44  Provision for unfunded commitments 16  Balance at March 31, 2023 \$ 60	Provision for loan losses		489
Balance at December 31, 2022 \$ - Cumulative effect of a change in accounting principle Balance at January 1, 2023 \$ 44 Provision for unfunded commitments 16 Balance at March 31, 2023 \$ 60	Balance at March 31, 2023	\$	2,287
Balance at December 31, 2022 \$ - Cumulative effect of a change in accounting principle Balance at January 1, 2023 \$ 44 Provision for unfunded commitments 16 Balance at March 31, 2023 \$ 60	Allowance for Unfunded Commitments:		
Cumulative effect of a change in accounting principle Balance at January 1, 2023 \$ 44 Provision for unfunded commitments 16 Balance at March 31, 2023 \$ 60		\$	_
Balance at January 1, 2023       \$ 44         Provision for unfunded commitments       16         Balance at March 31, 2023       \$ 60			44
Provision for unfunded commitments 16 Balance at March 31, 2023 \$ 60		\$	44
Balance at March 31, 2023 \$ 60		•	16
	Balance at March 31, 2023	\$	60
	Total allowance for credit losses		2,347

Loan modifications may be granted to borrowers experiencing financial difficulty. Qualifying disclosable modifications are one, or a combination of, principal forgiveness, interest rate reduction, or a term or payment extension. Covenant waivers and modifications of contingent acceleration clauses are not considered term extensions. Modified loans to borrowers experiencing financial difficulty and activity on these loans were not material during the three months ended March 31, 2024. There were no material commitments to lend to borrowers experiencing financial difficulty whose loans have been modified at March 31, 2024.

Loans held for sale were \$41 and \$0 at March 31, 2024 and December 31, 2023, respectively. Such loans are carried at the lower of cost or fair value.

### Note 3 — Investments

## Equity Investments in Other Farm Credit System Institutions

Equity investments in other Farm Credit System institutions are generally nonmarketable investments consisting of stock and participation certificates, allocated surplus, and reciprocal investments in other institutions regulated by the FCA. These investments are carried at cost and evaluated for impairment based on the ultimate recoverability of the par value rather than by recognizing temporary declines in value.

Associations are required to maintain ownership in AgFirst (AgFirst or the Bank) in the form of Class B or Class C stock as determined by the Bank. The Bank may require additional capital contributions to maintain its capital requirements. The Association owned 2.25 percent of the issued stock and allocated retained earnings of the Bank as of March 31, 2024 net of any reciprocal investment. As of that date, the Bank's assets totaled \$44.3 billion and shareholders' equity totaled \$1.7 billion. The Bank's earnings were \$66 million for the first three months of 2024. In addition, the Association held investments of \$233 related to other Farm Credit institutions.

#### Note 4 — Fair Value Measurement

Fair value is defined as the exchange price that would be received for an asset or paid to transfer a liability in an orderly transaction between market participants in the principal or most advantageous market for the asset or liability.

Accounting guidance establishes a hierarchy for disclosure of fair value measurements to maximize the use of observable inputs, that is, inputs that reflect the assumptions market participants would use in pricing an asset or liability based on market data obtained from sources independent of the reporting entity. The hierarchy is based upon the transparency of inputs to the valuation of an asset or liability as of the measurement date. A financial instrument's categorization within the hierarchy tiers is based upon the lowest level of input that is significant to the fair value measurement.

The classifications within the fair value hierarchy are as follows:

Level 1 inputs to the valuation methodology are unadjusted quoted prices for identical assets or liabilities in active markets.

Level 2 inputs include quoted prices for similar assets and liabilities in active markets, quoted prices in markets that are not active; and inputs that are observable, or can be corroborated, for substantially the full term of the asset or liability.

Level 3 inputs are unobservable and supported by little or no market activity. Valuation is determined using pricing models, discounted cash flow methodologies, or similar techniques, and could include significant management judgment or estimation. Level 3 assets and liabilities also could include instruments whose price has been adjusted based on dealer quoted pricing that is different than the third-party valuation or internal model pricing.

For a complete discussion of the inputs and other assumptions considered in assigning various assets and liabilities to the fair value hierarchy levels, see the latest Annual Report to Shareholders.

There were no Level 3 assets or liabilities measured at fair value on a recurring basis for the periods presented. The Association had no transfers of assets or liabilities into or out of Level 1 or Level 2 during the periods presented.

Fair values are estimated at each period end date for assets and liabilities measured at fair value on a recurring basis. The following tables summarize assets measured at fair value at period end.

	March 31, 2024							
	Fair Value Measurement Using				_	Total Fair		
		Level 1		Level 2		Level 3		Value
Recurring assets Assets held in trust funds	\$	_	\$	_	\$	-	\$	-
Nonrecurring assets Nonaccrual loans Other property owned	\$ \$		\$ \$		\$ \$	145	\$ \$	145

	December 31, 2023							
		Fair Value Measurement Using				_	Total Fair	
		Level 1		Level 2		Level 3		Value
Recurring assets Assets held in trust funds	\$	-	\$	-	\$	-	\$	_
Nonrecurring assets Nonaccrual loans Other property owned	\$ \$	- -	\$ \$	- -	\$ \$	- -	\$ \$	- -

## Valuation Techniques

## Assets held in trust funds

Assets held in trust funds, related to deferred compensation plans, are classified as Level 1. The trust funds include investments in securities that are actively traded and have quoted net asset value prices that are directly observable in the marketplace.

#### Nonaccrual loans

Fair values of nonaccrual loans are estimated to be the carrying amount of the loan less specific reserves. Certain loans evaluated for impairment under FASB guidance have fair values based upon the underlying collateral, as the loans were collateral-dependent. Specific reserves were established for these loans when the value of the collateral, less estimated cost to sell, was less than the principal balance of the loan. The fair value measurement process uses independent appraisals and other market-based information, but in many cases it also requires significant input based on management's knowledge of and judgment about current market conditions, specific issues relating to the collateral and other matters.

## Other property owned

For other property owned, the fair value is generally determined using formal appraisals of each individual property. These assets are held for sale. Costs to sell represent transaction costs and are not included as a component of the fair value of other property owned. If the process uses observable market-based information, the assets are classified as Level 2. If the process requires significant input based upon management's knowledge of and judgment about current market conditions, specific issues relating to the property and other matters, the assets are classified as Level 3.

## Note 5 — Commitments and Contingent Liabilities

From time to time, legal actions are pending against the Association in which claims for money damages are asserted. On at least a quarterly basis, the Association assesses its liabilities and contingencies in connection with outstanding legal proceedings utilizing the latest information available. While the outcome of legal proceedings is inherently uncertain, on the basis of information presently available, management, after consultation with legal counsel, is of the opinion that the ultimate liability, if any, from these actions, would not be material in relation to the financial position of the Association. Because it is remote that the Association will incur a loss or the loss is not estimable, no liability has been recorded for any claims that may be pending.

## Note 6 — Subsequent Events

The Association evaluated subsequent events and determined, other than described below, no subsequent events have occurred requiring disclosure through May 9, 2024, which was the date the financial statements were issued.

The Farm Credit System Insurance Corporation (FCSIC), which insures the System's debt obligations, held assets that exceeded the secure based amount as defined by the Farm Credit Act, and on April 12, 2024, FCSIC announced a refund of excess funds to Farm Credit Institutions. As a result, the Association received \$181 in insurance premium refunds in April.